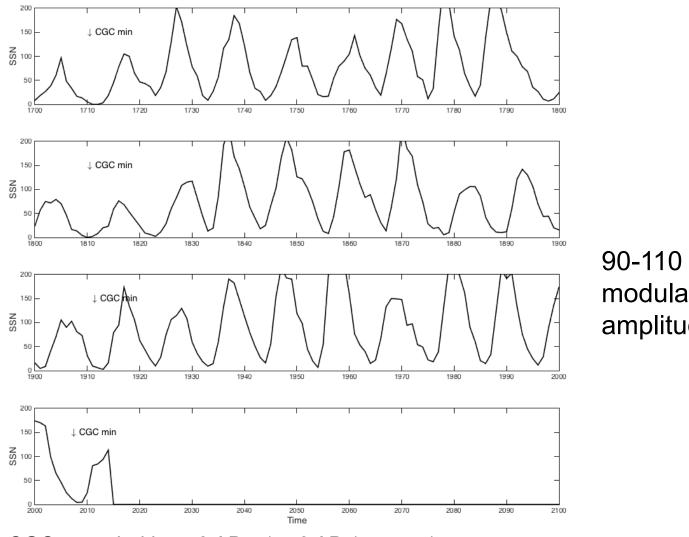
The Centennial Gleissberg Cycle: a Driver of Climate Change

> Alexander Ruzmaikin Joan Feynman JPL, California Institute of Technology

## Motivation

- Solar influence on the Earth's climate on centennial time scale (CGC
- Most previous studies were focused on time variability of solar influence on climate. What is the spatial signature of solar forcing?
- The recent solar cycles and climate conditions resemble the minima and the Earth's climate at CGC minima in 18<sup>th</sup>, 19<sup>th</sup>, and 20th centuries

# Centennial Gleissberg Cycle (CGC)



90-110 year quasi-periodic modulation of 11-year cycle amplitude

CGC recorded in 450 AD - 1450 AD (auroras)

--Feynman & Fougere (1988), Ruzmaikin et al. (2006)

CGC recorded in <sup>10</sup>Be, <sup>14</sup>C

-- Beer et al. (2007), Ogurtsov et al. (2013), Usoskin (2013), McCracken (2015)

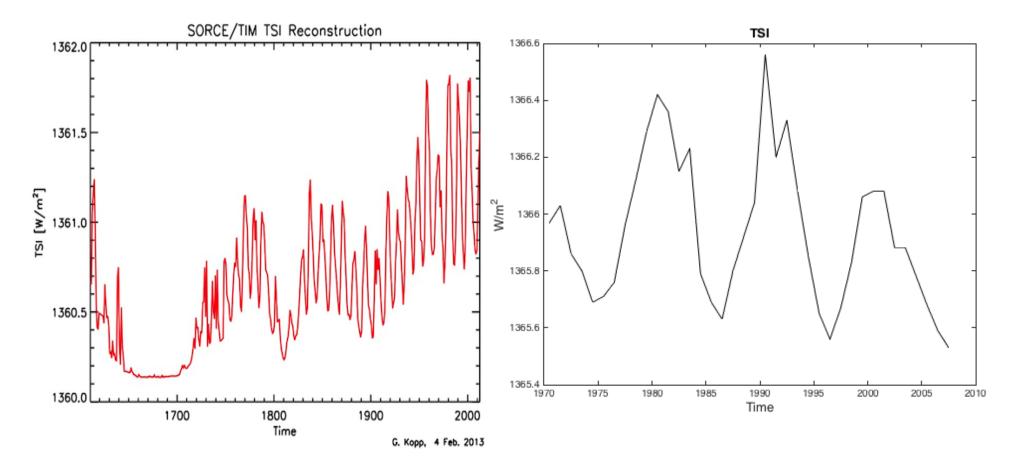
#### CGC in SSN Wavelet d SSN Period (yrs) 11-year mode 100 year mode 5.2 6.1 7.3 10.3 12.3 14.6 14.6 frequency modulation b of the 11-year cycle (?) 17.4 а CGC CGC Mode (80-110 yrs) -1 -2

Time (yrs)

## CGC Minima

- ✓ Auroral Minima (450 1450)
- ✓ Beginning of 18<sup>th</sup> century (1710 1720 end of MM)
- ✓ Beginning of 19<sup>th</sup> century (1800 1820, Dalton min)
- ✓ Beginning of 20<sup>th</sup> century (1900 1920, Gleissberg min)
- ✓ Beginning of 21<sup>th</sup> century (2006 ?, predicted by S. Silverman)

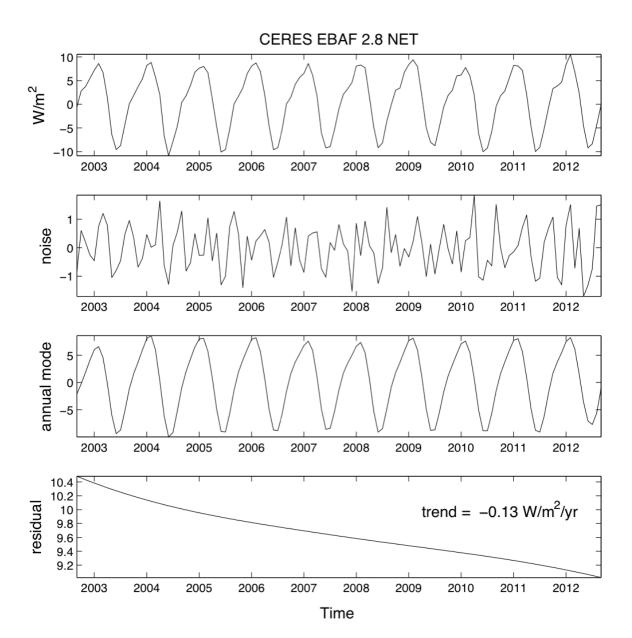
## CGC variation in Solar Irradiance



TSI reconstructions (Wang, Lean, Schelley. 2005; Krivova et al. 2010; Kopp, 2013)

Measured TSI decreased in three successive recent minima

#### The Earth Cooling measured by satellites

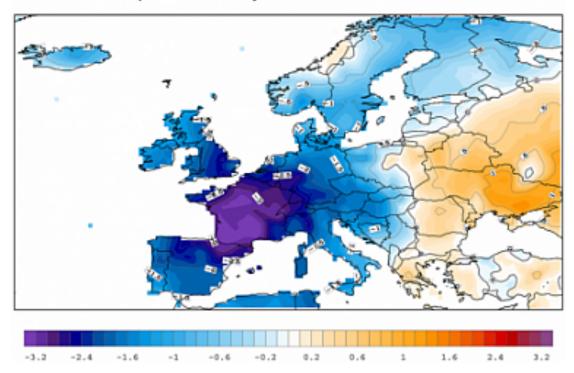


Forcing the Earth's Climate on the Centennial Time Scale

### Anecdotal Evidence

#### 19th century CGC minimum

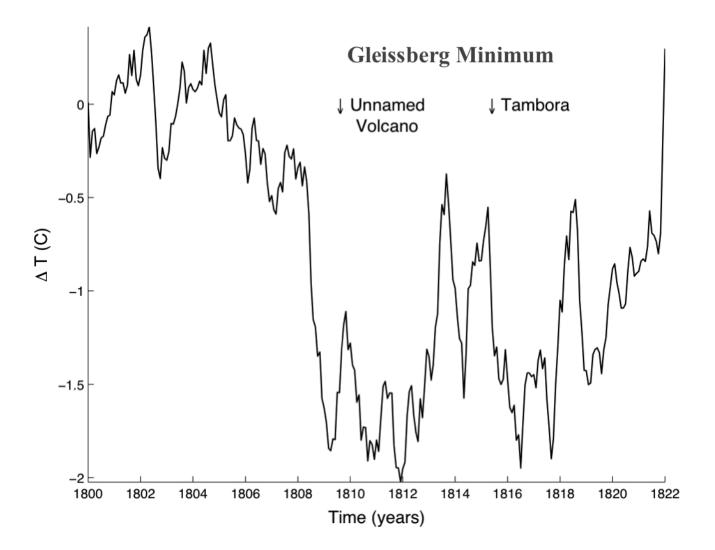
#### 1816 Summer temperature anomaly



#### Year without summer: solar and/or Tambora?



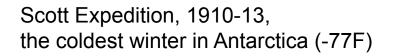
### 19th century CGC minimum in T Land



Data from Berkley Earth Project, Rohde et al. (2013)

### 20th century CGC minimum

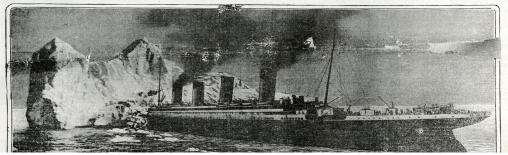






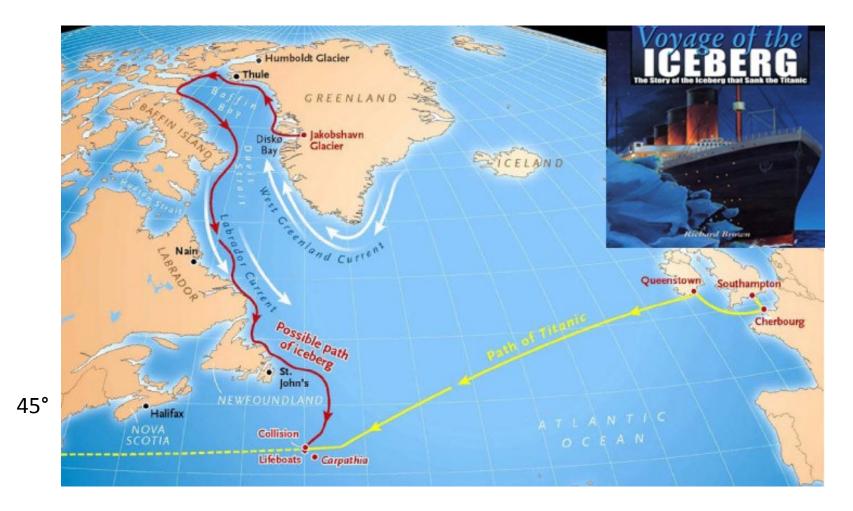
John Jacob Astor was among the passengers who went down with the ship, according to a wireless dispatch received by Bradstreets last night from the liner Olympic. Mrs. Astor was saved and is being brought to shore by the Carpathia.

The Wireless Operator at Cape Race, Newfoundland, Flashes: "Eighteen Hundred Lives Have Been Lost in the Wreck of the Titanic."



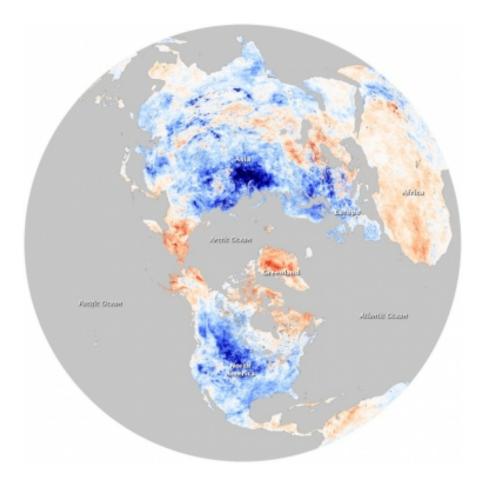
April 1912, Titanic

## Did sunspots kill Titanic?

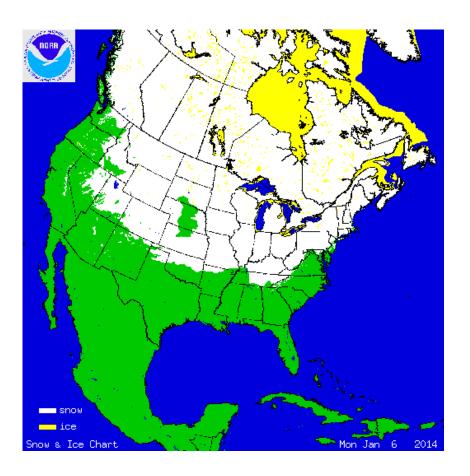


"extreme and prolonged low sunspot-number regime reversed the dearth of southern icebergs in the North Atlantic" (E. N. Lawrence, Weather, 2000)

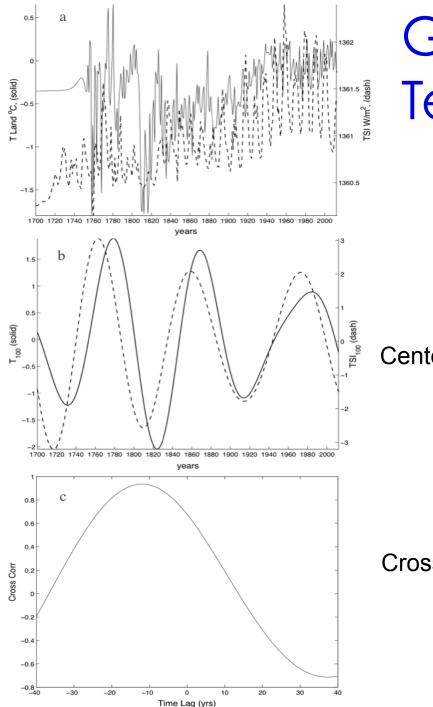
#### 21st century CGC minimum



Winters in Europe and Asia were cooler than normal: deep chill Jan 2006, Jan 2008, Dec 2010, Feb 2012





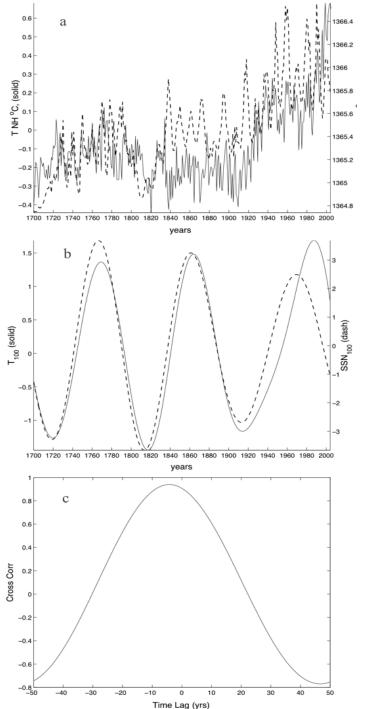


# Global Land Temperature & TSI

Centennial mode

**Cross Correlation** 

Data extended: TSI Krivova et al. (2007) T Land Rohde et al. (2013)



# North Hemisphere Temperature & TSI

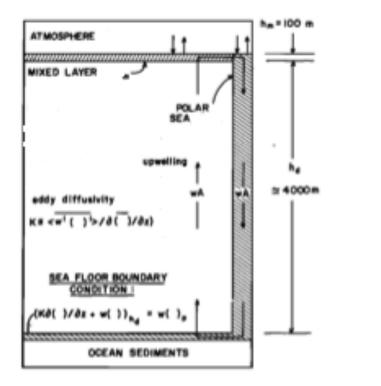
Centennial mode

**Cross Correlation** 

Data extended: TSI Krivova et al. (2007) T NH Mann et al. (1999) detrended for  $CO_2$  rise

## A 1D Model of Ocean Response

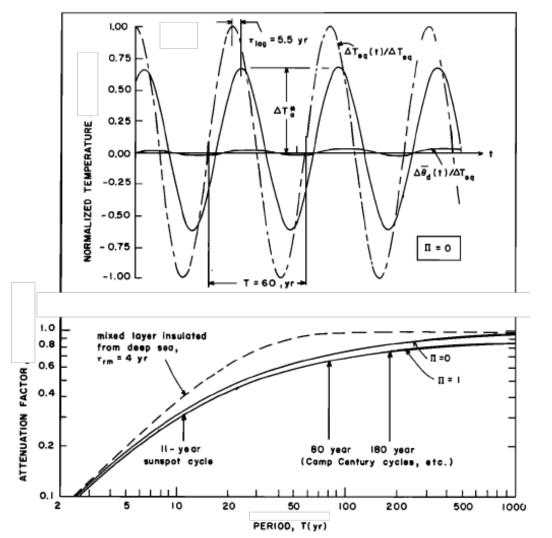
Hoffert et al, 1980



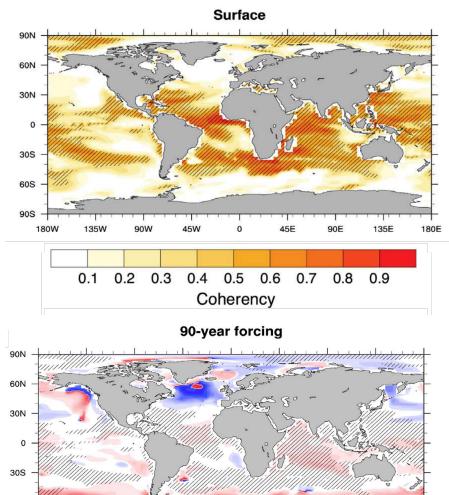
Model predicts a phase shifted periodic Tem response to a periodic forcing

Only mixed layer involved on 11-year scale. Phase shift 3-4 years

Deep ocean engaged on centennial time scale. Phase shift (time lag) increases.



## CCSM3 Modeling of Ocean Response



60S

135W

50

90W

60

70

45W

80

Lag [years]

90/0

45E

20

10

90E

30

135E

40

180E

Positive SST & TSI correlation consistent with a direct, thermal forcing of the sea surface.

SST response to 90-year sin (TSI) forcing lags by about 20 years.

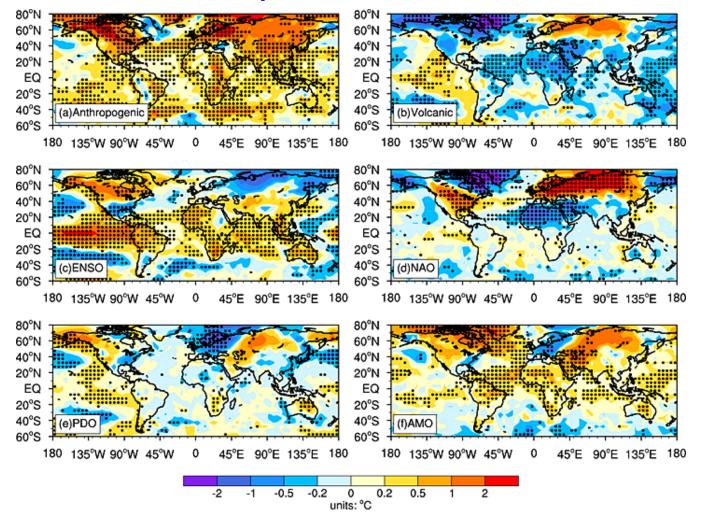
Seidenglanz et al. 2012

## Spatial signatures of climate forcings

Natural deviations from Global Mean

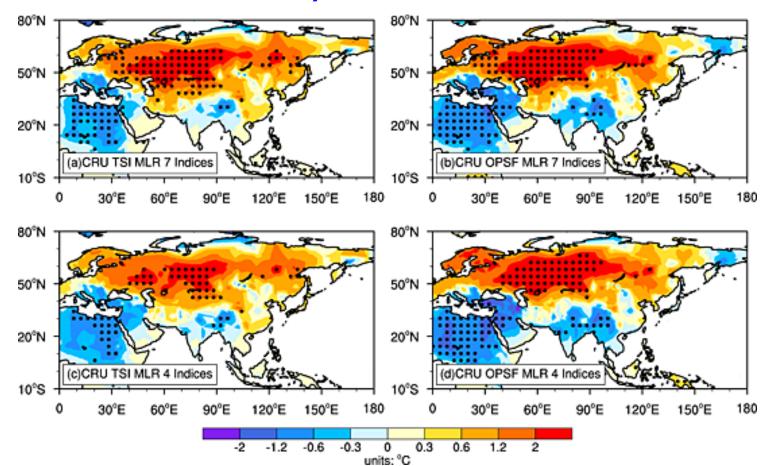
-- appear as **spatial patterns** of preserved shape but changing magnitude; naturally generated by non-linear, noisy atmosphere-ocean system

#### Earth's temperature patterns under non-solar forcings on 11-year time scale



Chen et al., 2016, JGR

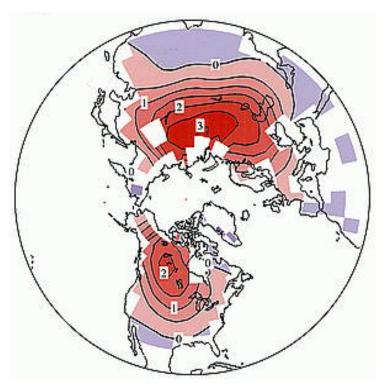
## Pattern of solar forcing on 11-year time scale



Chen et al., 2016, JGR

Search for climate pattern associated with CGC

## **COWL** pattern



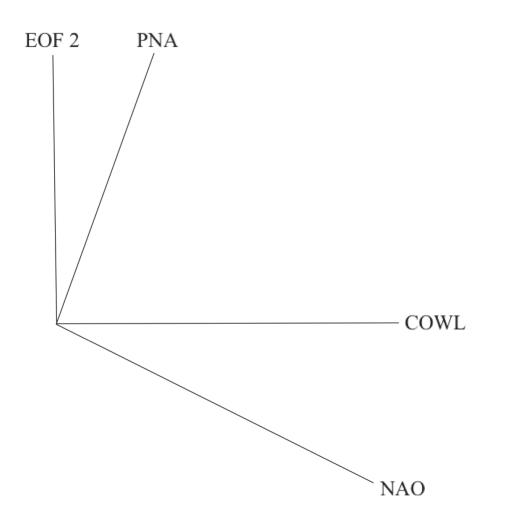
COWL pattern has the highest pdf reflecting dynamics of atmosphere (Corti et al., 1999)



 $T_{\text{COWL}}$  is dynamically tied to atmosphere

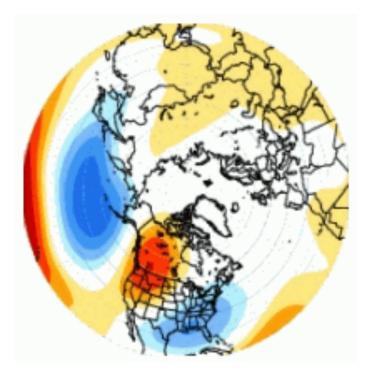
T<sub>res</sub> is radiatively driven

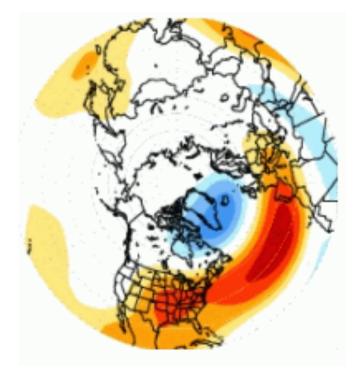
## First 2 EOFs account for half of variance



Quadrelli & Wallace, 2004

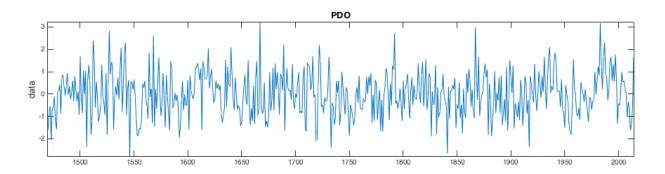
#### Climate Patterns associated with CGC

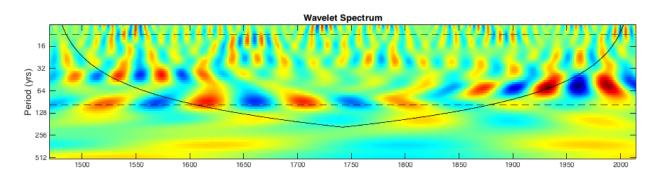


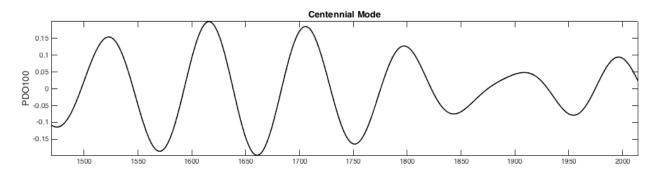


Pacific North American (PNA) North Atlantic Oscillation (NAO), related to NAM



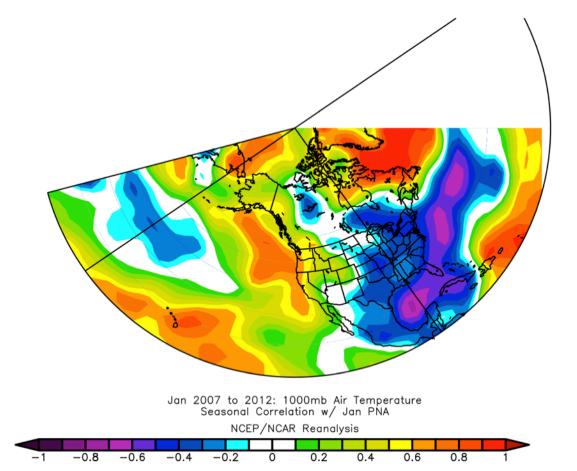




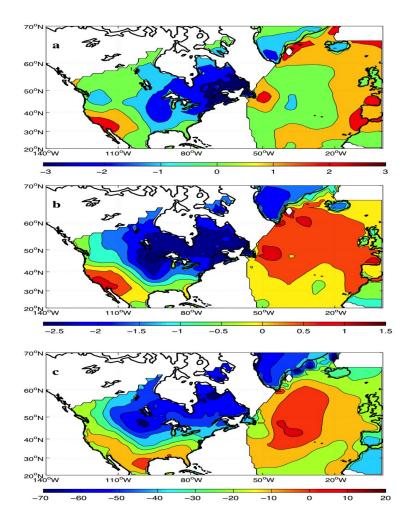


Currently (2016) PNA/PDO in its negative phase weaken El Nino

## Surface Temperature, 2007-2012 Regressed on PNA



## Surface Temperature, 1850-1999 Regressed on PNA



**Projected on TSI** 

#### Projected on centennial mode of T

#### **Projected on PNA index**

## Conclusions

- ♦ CGC influences the Earth's climate via radiative forcing. Response to CGC forcing engages the deep ocean
- ♦ The temperature response to CGC is phase delayed by about 10-20 yrs
- ♦ PNA (PDO) is a major climate pattern associated with CGC
- CGC forcing may contributed to slowdown of global warming (hiatus) and recent effect of El Niño.

The End